

Guiding principles and recommendations for research on perpetration to be ethical and safe

1. Researchers have a duty of care towards research participants
2. The duty of care towards research participants is limited
3. Informed consent procedures must be adequate and it should be regarded as is a process, not an event
4. Researchers must not collude with research participants
5. Researchers must recognise that perpetrators may also be victims
6. Researchers have a duty of care of the research team
7. The best interests of a sexual violence survivor may sometimes be to ensure the act is not reported to authorities
8. Research with incarcerated offenders
9. Researchers should ensure the quality of their research and have appropriate training and mentorship